# Clearwater River Steelhead Mitigation Program

Carl Stiefel and Brian Leth, IDFG



**2012 LSRCP Program Review** 

### Acknowledgments

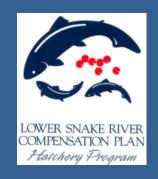
- Hatchery staffs
  - Clearwater
  - Dworshak National
- Mark Crew
- IDFG M&E staff
- IDFG Regional Staff













#### **Presentation Outline**

- IDFG Management Objectives
- Status of Natural Populations
- Management Framework
- Mitigation Goals and Approach
- Broodstock History and Program Description
- Production/Productivity and Harvest Data
- Program Summary
- Moving Forward

## IDFG Management Objectives for the Clearwater River

- Restore and maintain natural populations in the Clearwater River
- Restore and maintain recreational and tribal fisheries
- Meet LSRCP adult mitigation objectives
- Minimize impacts of the hatchery program on natural populations

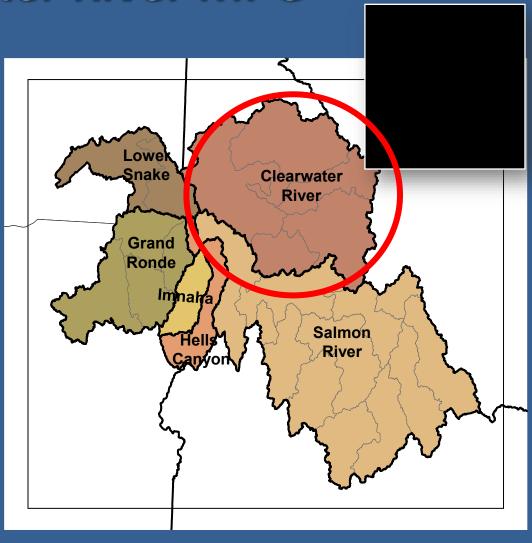
## Natural Steelhead Clearwater River MPG

Snake River DPS listed as threatened in 1997

- 5 extant, 1 extirpated
- None meet viability criteria

Clearwater River Major Population Group (MPG)-

- None of the six populations meet viability criteria.
- All natural populations
  - Moderate-high risk for A/P
  - Low -moderate risk for SS/D.
- Lack of population specific A/P estimates.
- North Fork Clearwater population
  - Blocked
  - Sustained as a hatchery program



## Natural Populations in the Clearwater River

		Dworshak Avg. Pairwise
Natural Population	Tributary	F <sub>ST</sub>
Colt Cr	Lochsa R.	0.023
Storm Cr		0.025
Crooked Fork		0.018
Lake Cr		0.025
Fish Cr		0.018
Canyon Cr		0.013
Selway R	Selway R.	0.024
Little Clearwater R		0.023
Whitecap Cr		0.024
Bear Cr		0.025
NF Moose Cr		0.018
Three Links Cr		0.026
Gedney Cr		0.016
O'Hara Cr		0.011
Clear Cr		0.011
Crooked R	SF Clearwater	0.004
Tenmile Cr		0.021
John's Cr		0.010

## Natural Populations in the Clearwater River

- **Genetic information** 
  - Hatchery Production Area
    - Not differentiated from hatchery stocks
  - Natural Production Areas
    - Differentiated in upper tributaries

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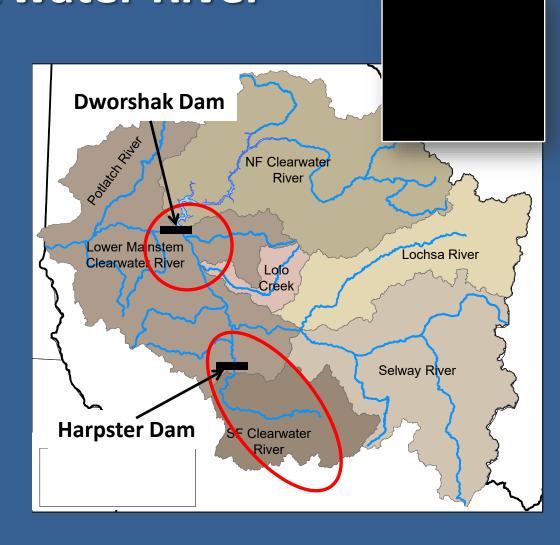
Management Framework
Clearwater River

- No hatchery releases in
  - Upper Middle Fork Clearwater R.
    - Lochsa and Selway rivers
  - Tributaries to Lower Clearwater R.
    - Potlatch R.
    - Lapwai Cr.
- Hatchery mitigation releases confined to
  - Lower Clearwater R.
  - South Fork Clearwater R.



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## Clearwater Hatchery Mitigation Goals

	Clearwater Fish Hatchery
Adult Goal-Above Project Area	14,000
Adult Goal-Below Project Area	28,000
Total Mitigation Goal	42,000
Assumed SAR	.87%
Assumed SAS	2.61%
Smolt Release Target (Modeled Value)	1,750,000
Smolt Release Target (Actual)	840,000

### Implementing Mitigation Program

- Focus for hatchery program is to achieve harvest mitigation objectives
- 335,000 smolts are AD-intact consistent with US vs. OR agreement
- Utilize both LSRCP facilities and Dworshak National Fish Hatchery
- Annual coordination and collaboration with federal and tribal partners



### Clearwater River Broodstock History

- Dworshak stock
  - Wild fish returning to NF Clearwater R.
  - No out of basin fish
- Dworshak NFH primary source of eggs
- Locally adapted SF Clearwater R. Stock
  - Upper SF Clearwater collection failed
    - Fallout
    - Migration impediment
  - Middle SF Clearwater R. collection initiated in 2010
    - Volunteer angler contribution program
    - New infrastructure at Meadow Creek





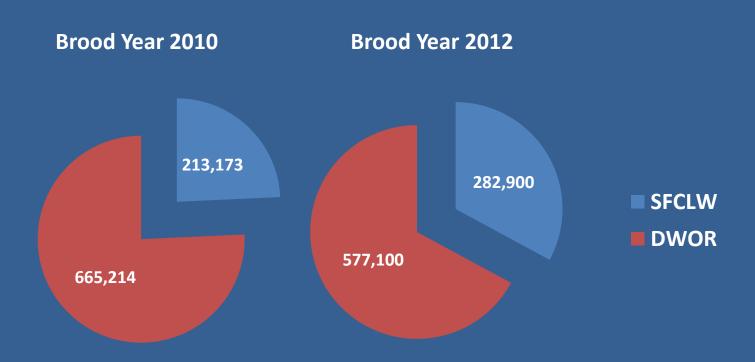
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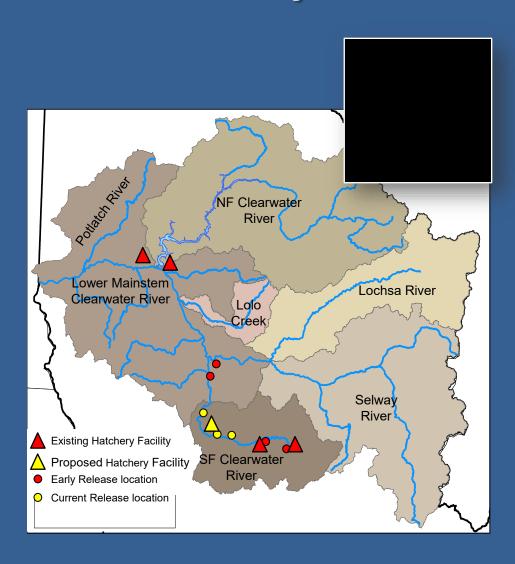
## Description of SF Clearwater River LSRCP Hatchery Steelhead Program



IDFG's goal is to phase out DWOR releases in SF Clearwater R. in favor of the locally adapted stock.

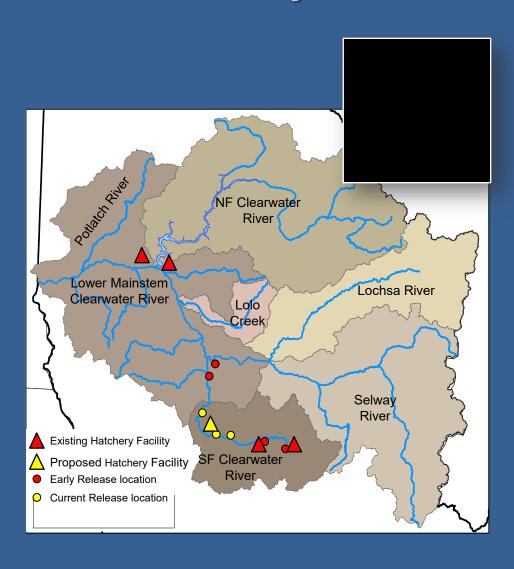
## Release Locations for Clearwater Fish Hatchery

- Clearwater FH
  - SF Clearwater Releases
    - 843,000 DWOR smolts
- Dworshak NFH
  - Main stem Clearwater and Lolo Cr.
    - 1,560,000
  - SF Clearwater Releases
    - 540,000 DWOR smolts



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### **Hatchery Production and Survival Data**

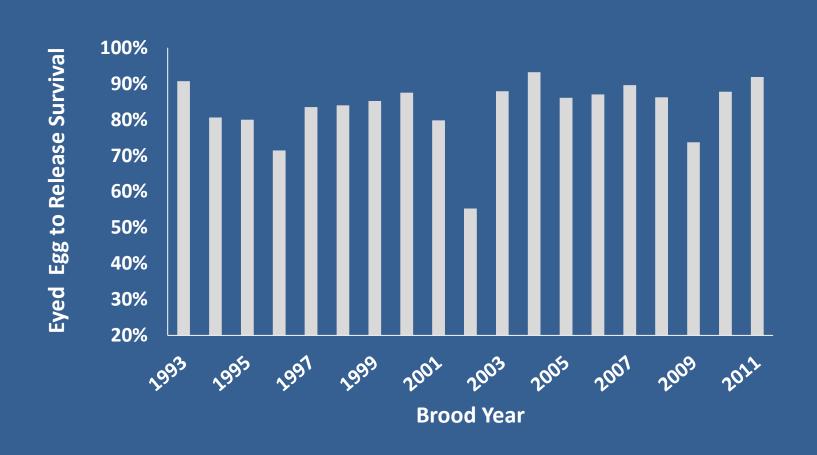
- Broodstock Performance
- In-hatchery survival
- Juvenile releases and survival
- Adult production and productivity

## Hatchery Production and Survival Data

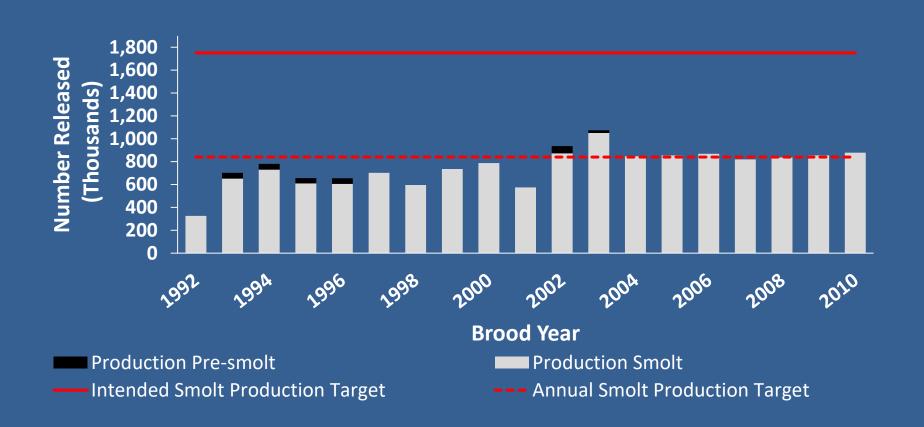
- Broodstock is collected at:
  - Dworshak Fish Hatchery (USFWS)
- Final incubation and Rearing occurs at:
  - Clearwater Fish Hatchery (IDFG)



## Hatchery Production and Survival Data In-Hatchery Survival



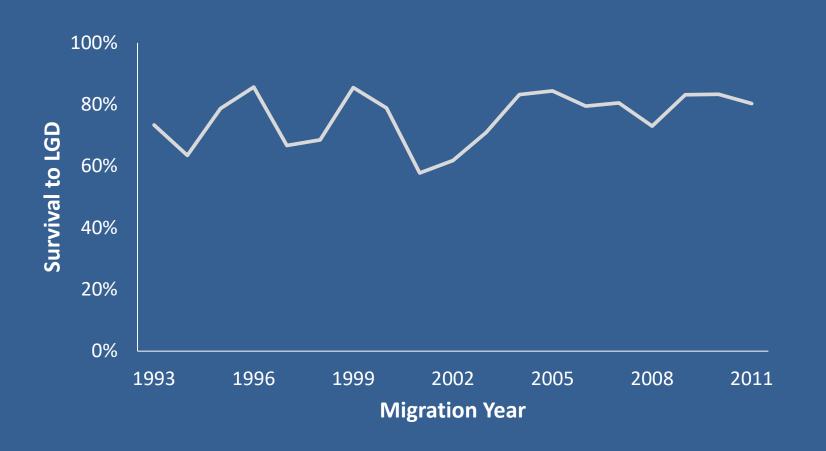
## Hatchery Production and Survival Data Juvenile Releases



### Disease / Pathology

- Disease has not limited the ability to meet smolt production targets.
- Eggs from IHN positive females culled prior to arriving on station.
  - IHN free water source
  - No IHN outbreaks to date in production.
- Diseases with low prevalence/impacts.
  - Coldwater Disease
  - External parasite (water temps > 14°C)

## Hatchery Production and Survival Data Juvenile Survival to LGD



### **Adult Production and Survival**







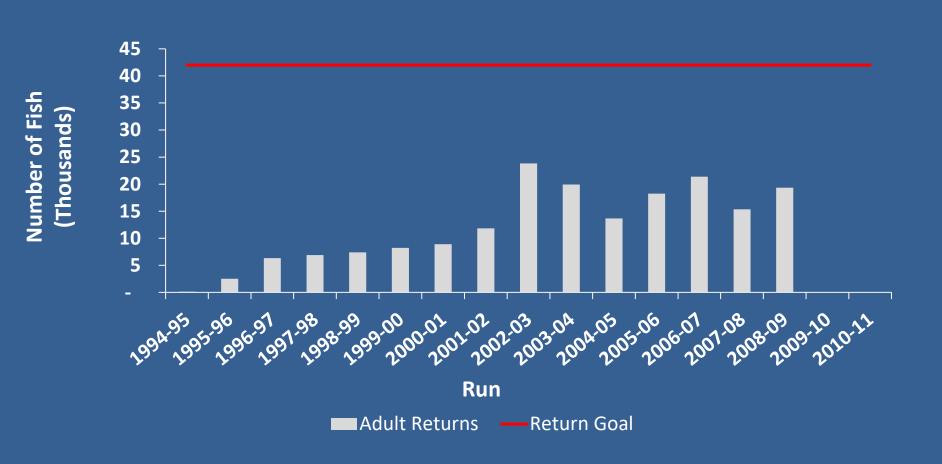




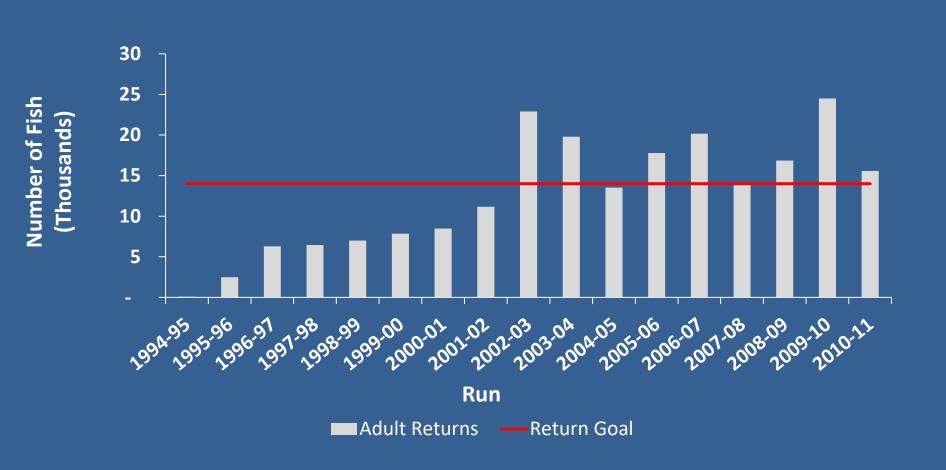
#### Adult Return Estimate Methods

- Downstream of LGD
  - CWT recoveries reported to RMIS
- Upstream of LGD
  - Harvest
    - Mail/phone creel survey
    - Facility contribution based on CWT recoveries
  - Total adult returns
    - Hatchery traps in the SF Clearwater do not provide an adequate escapement estimate.
      - Fall out
      - Migration impediment
    - Dworshak SAR estimates used as a surrogate

#### **Adult Returns-Total Adults Produced**



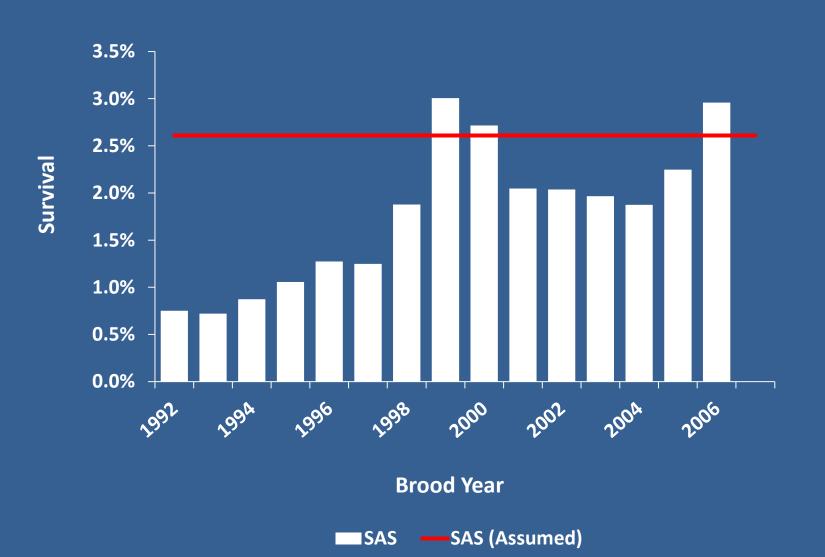
#### **Adult Returns-Lower Granite Dam**



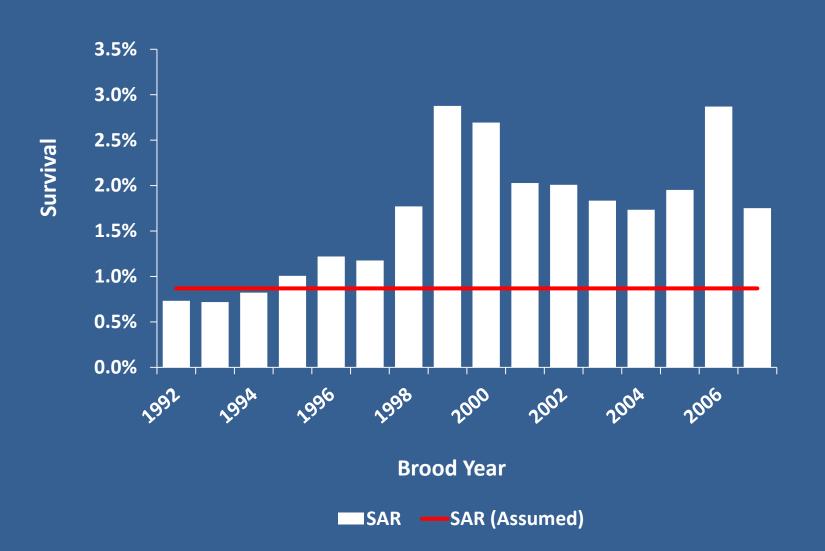
#### **Adult Returns-Lower Granite Dam**



### **Smolt to Adult Survival (SAS)**



### **Smolt to Adult Return (SAR)**



### **Harvest and Escapement**

- Angler Effort and Harvest
- Harvest Opportunity
- Strays



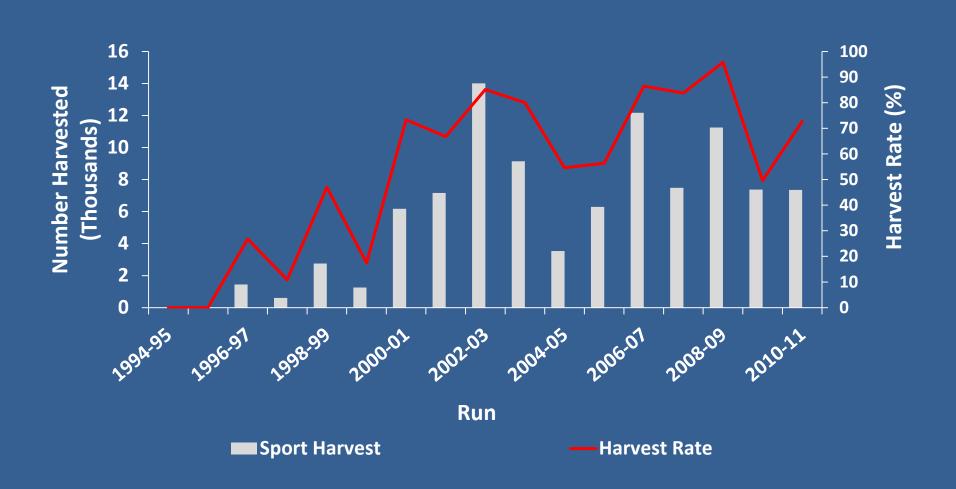
### **Harvest Downstream of LGD**



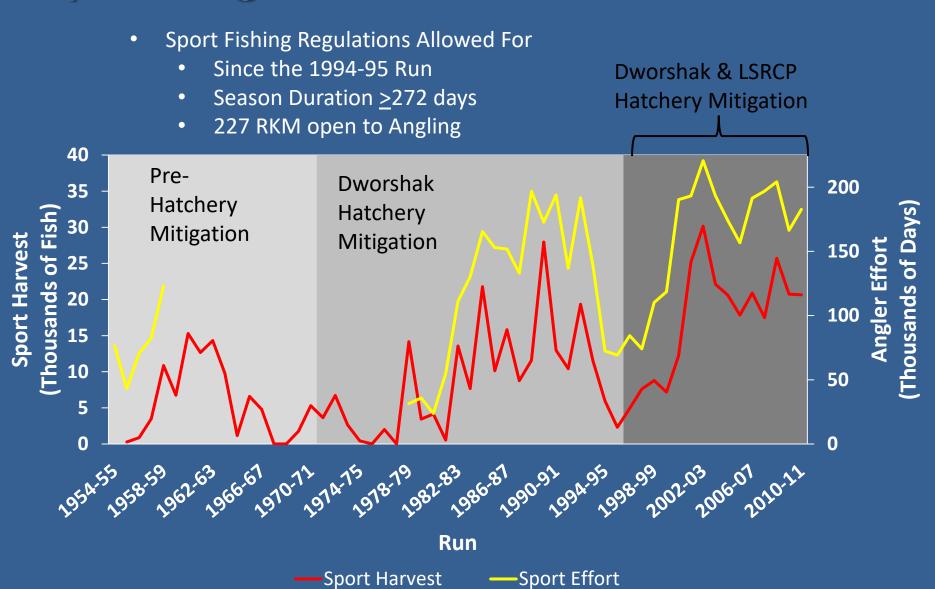
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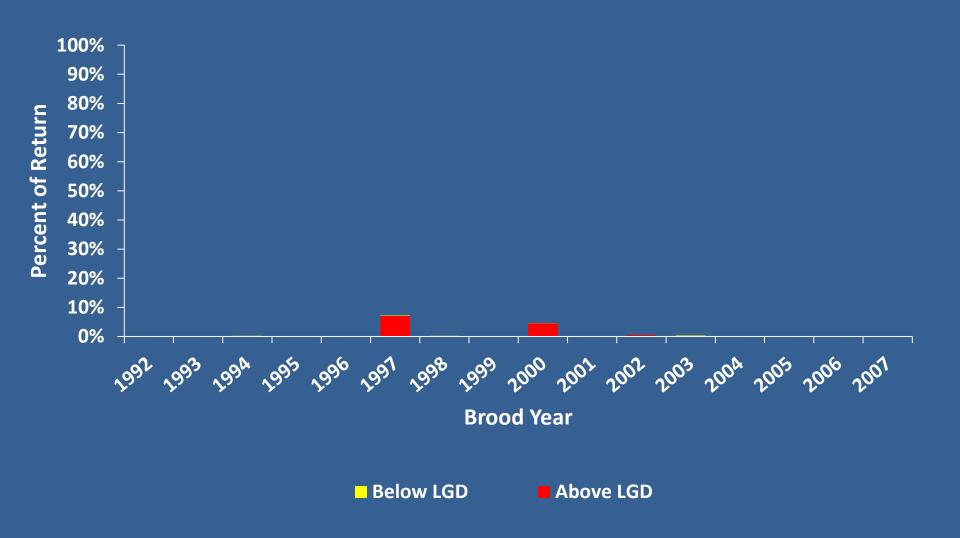
## Harvest Upstream of LGD for Clearwater Fish Hatchery Releases



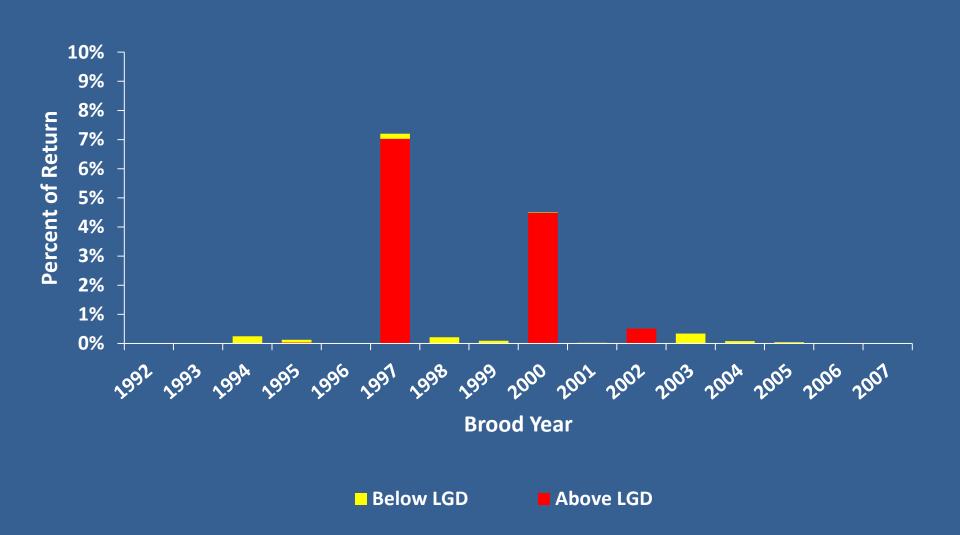
### **Sport Angler Effort in Clearwater River**



### Minimum Stray Rate Estimate



### Minimum Stray Rate Estimate



### **Summary of Clearwater Program**

- Fish Culture operations
  - Produces 843,000 of the intended 1,750,000 smolts
  - Low prevalence of disease during rearing
  - High onsite survival
- Juvenile survival to LGD
  - Consistently >60% (Average 75%)
- Adult survival
  - The facility is at or near LGD adult return goal of 14,000 during last decade
  - Consistently below total return goal of 42,000

### Summary of Clearwater Program

#### Harvest Benefits

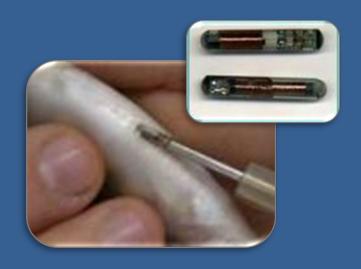
- Below LGD
  - Average 600 fish annually (Range 25-2,500)
- Above LGD
  - Ensures a consistent robust fishery in the SF Clearwater each year
  - Harvest averaged 6,500 adult steelhead (range 600-14,000)
  - Averaged 140,000 anglers days in the Clearwater Basin (range 23,000-220,000)
    - In combination with Dworshak NFH
  - Harvest rates during more recent years average 70% (range 50-90%)

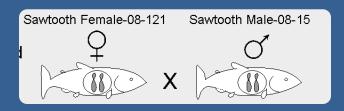
#### Strays

- Downstream of LGD
  - Average<1%</li>
- Upstream of LGD
  - Average<1%</li>

## Moving Forward Hatchery M&E

- Continued monitoring of hatchery production and productivity
  - Estimation methodology
  - PIT Tagging
    - Estimating adult survival
    - Migration timing and inter-dam conversion
    - In-season fisheries management
    - Straying In-stream PIT Arrays
  - Parental Based Tagging (PBT)
    - Adult accounting
    - Catch contribution
  - Run Reconstruction
    - Cooperative effort between states and tribes





## Moving Forward Natural Population M&E

#### Monitoring efforts for natural steelhead populations

- New work at LGD
  - GSI (Campbell presentation to follow)
  - PIT tags and in stream arrays (Vogel presentation to follow)
- Population specific
  - Fish Cr.
  - Potlatch River
- Newly implemented
  - Lolo Cr. (NPT)
  - SF Clearwater (NPT & IDFG)
- Run Reconstruction
  - Cooperative effort between states and tribes

## Moving Forward Management

- Continue to develop a locally adapted stock for the SF Clearwater River
  - Further reduce potential impacts to natural populations
- Construct new adult collection facility in SF Clearwater River
  - Completely phasing out DWOR releases in SF Clearwater
     R. with locally adapted stock is not feasible without this weir
- Explore options to increase smolts production to achieve the programs intended targeted smolt production level

## Moving Forward Management

- Continue to maintain conservation management areas for wild populations
- Hatchery program will continue to focus on harvest mitigation
- Continued coordination between state, tribal, and federal managers
- Continue to incorporate new information into the decision process

### Questions?

