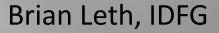


LSRCP STEELHEAD PROGRAM REVIEW SYMPOSIUM

Roll-Up Presentation



June 20-21, 2012 Clarkston, WA

















Acknowledgements

- Hatchery Staffs
- M&E and Harvest Monitoring Staffs
- Fish Marking
- LSRCP
- Extensive
 coordination and
 collaboration
 between states,
 tribes, and feds



Today's Presentation

- Purpose and Approach
- Metrics
- Summary
- Adaptive Management
- Moving Forward

Purpose and Approach

- Summarize how well the combined program has achieved the mitigation objectives
- Highlight achievements and limitations observed over the program history
 - All metric definitions were agreed upon by data contributors from each program
 - Data displayed as:
 - Combined averages across all programs
 - Data series from individual programs to show patterns and variation for each metric across programs
 - I will not focus on or address nuances between programs



Mitigation Goals

	LSRCP-Adult Mitigation Goal		
	Project Area	Below Project Area	Total Mitigation
	(Escapement)	(Catch)	Goal
Washington	4,655	9,310	13,965
Oregon	11,185	22,370	33,555
Idaho	39,260	78,520	117,780
	55,100	110,200	165,300

- Program represents a large geographic area
- Majority of program resources are focused on harvest mitigation
- Original planning included:
 - 11,020,000 smolts at 8/pound
 - 0.5%SAR for 55,100 to project area
 - 1.5% SAS for 165,300 total mitigation

Lower
Snake Clearwater

Grande
Ronde
Imnaha

Hells
Canyon
Salmon

Metrics

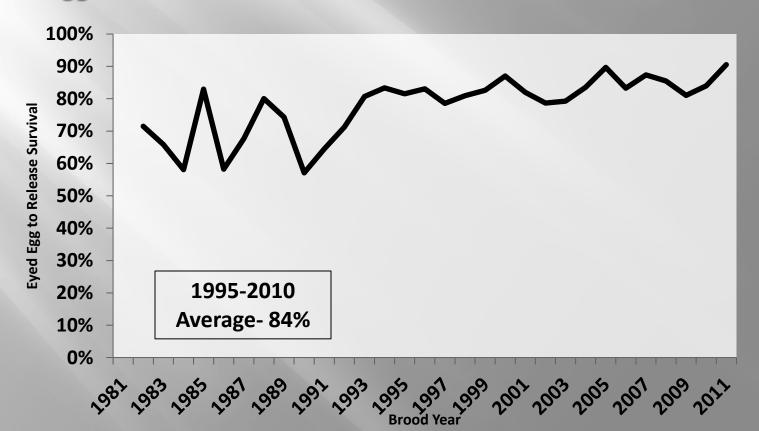
- In hatchery performance
 - Broodstock collections
 - Egg-smolt survival
 - Fish Health
- Post release performance
 - Juvenile releases and survival
 - Annual adult returns
 - SAS and SAR
 - Progeny:Parent
 - Straying
- Harvest, Effort and Opportunity
 - Restore and maintain fisheries



Broodstock collection

 With some exceptions, broodstock collection managers ability to meet smolt production targets

Egg to Smolt Survival



In Hatchery Performance

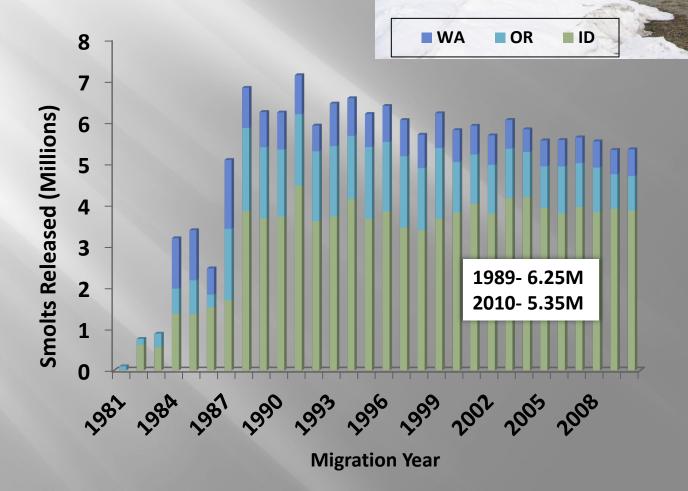
Smolt Releases

- Original modeling
 - 11,020,000 Smolts at 8/pound
- Current Smolt Releases
 - 5,350,000
 - Smolt size- 4.5 to 5 fish/lb
- Some of the programs have reduced the number of smolt releases for specific management purposes.
- Other programs are not able to achieve the targeted number of smolts due to water limitations



In Hatchery Performance

Smolt Releases

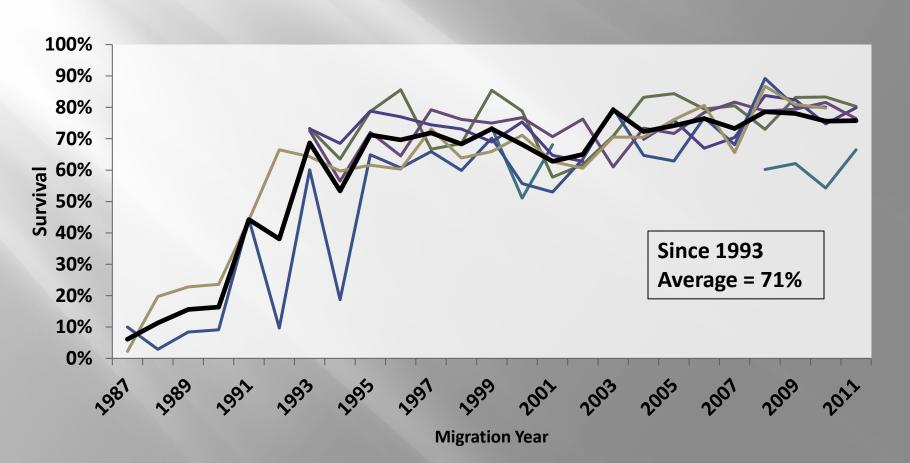


In Hatchery Performance

- Fish Health/Disease Issues
 - With a few exceptions, has not limited ability to meet production targets
 - Regularly scheduled disease screening across all programs

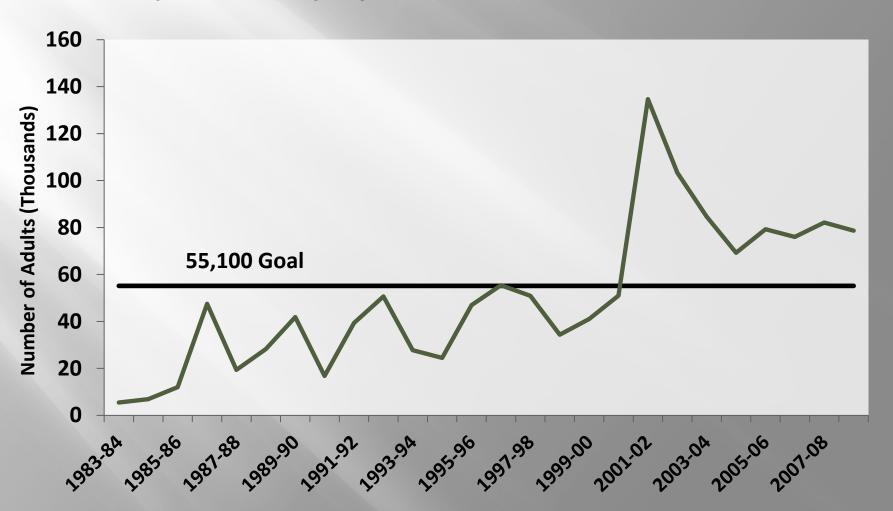
Juvenile Survival to Lower Granite Dam

 Does not include WA below LGD (Snake, Walla Walla, Touchet, and Tucannon)

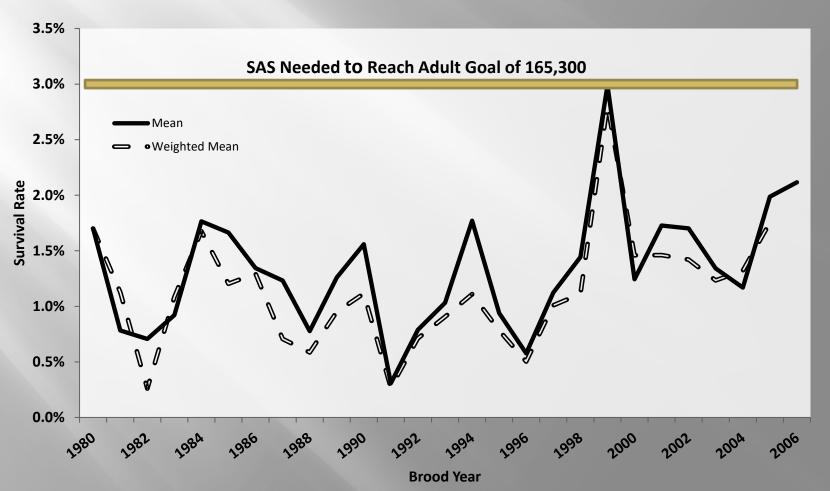


Annual Adult Returns

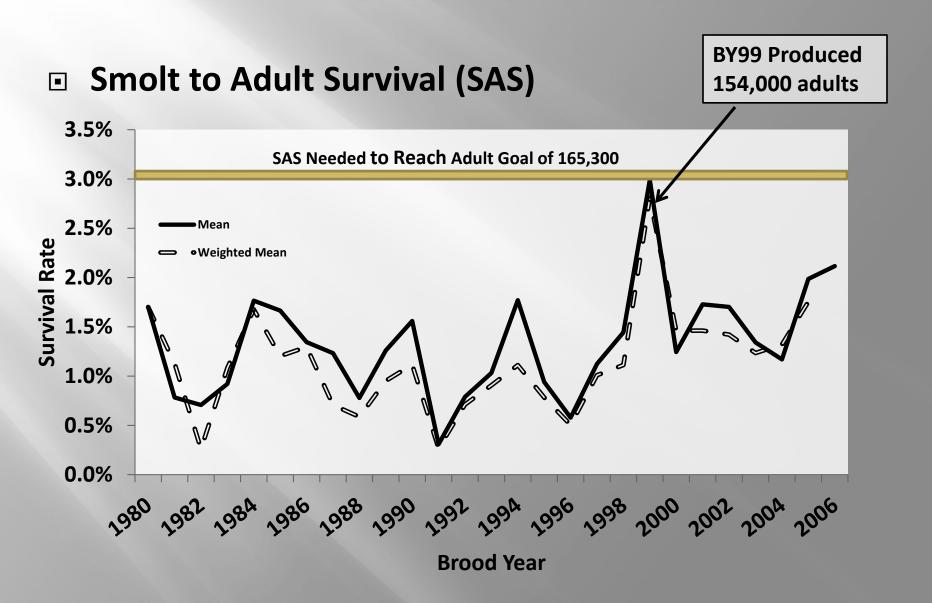
Escapement to project area



Smolt to Adult Survival (SAS)

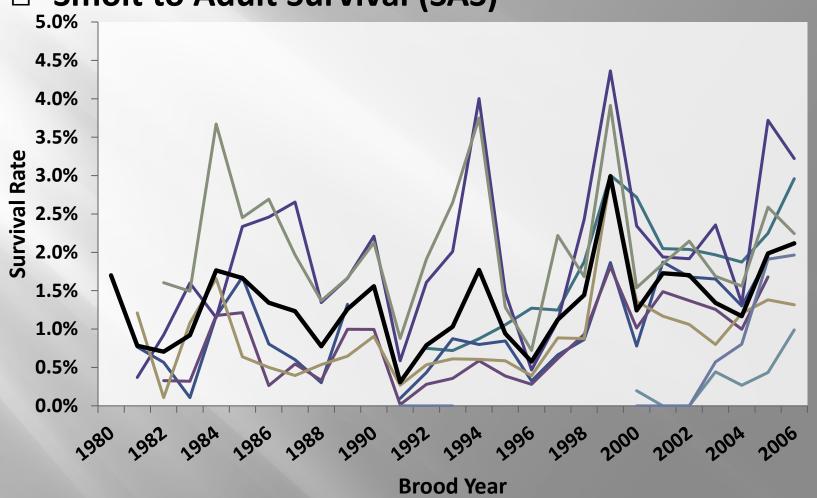




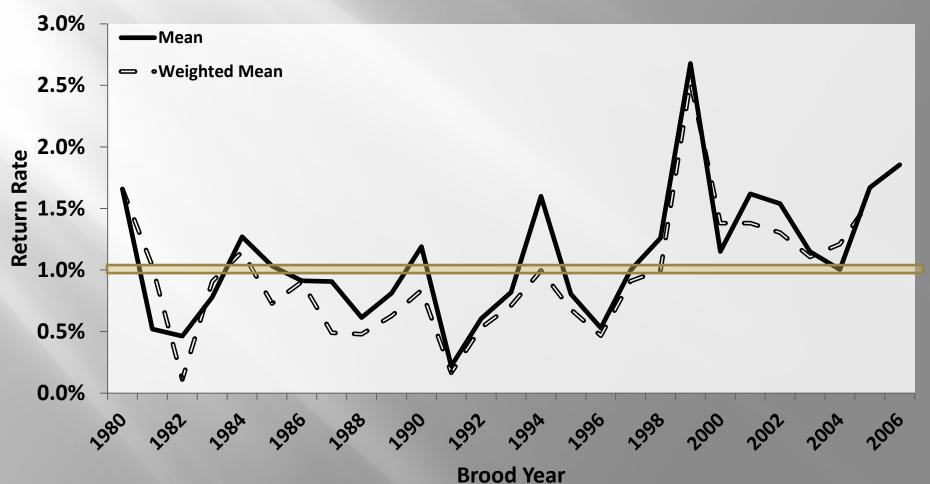




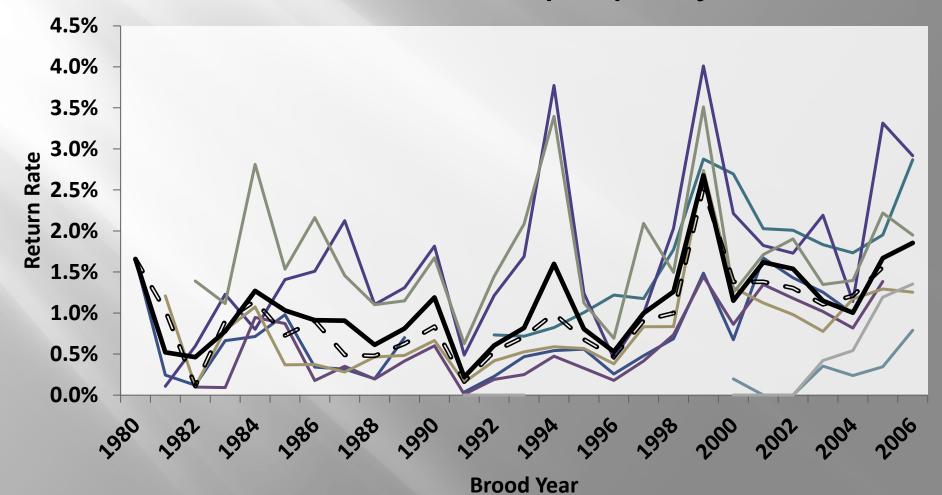
Smolt to Adult Survival (SAS)



Smolt to Adult Return Rate (SAR)- Project Area

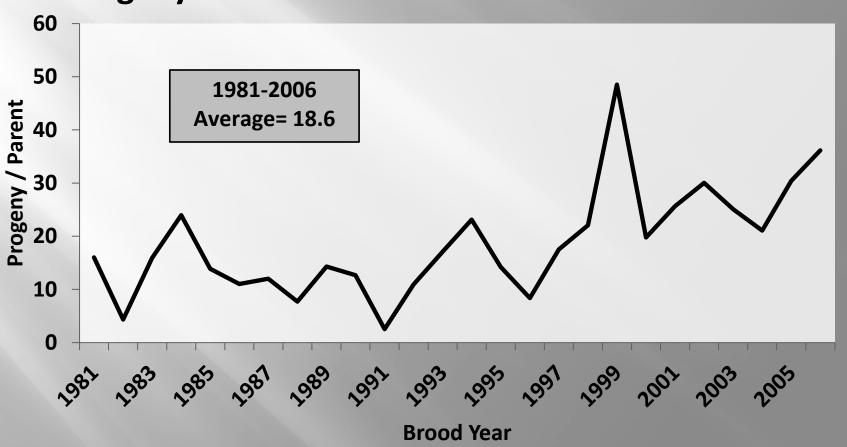


Smolt to Adult Return Rate (SAR)- Project Area

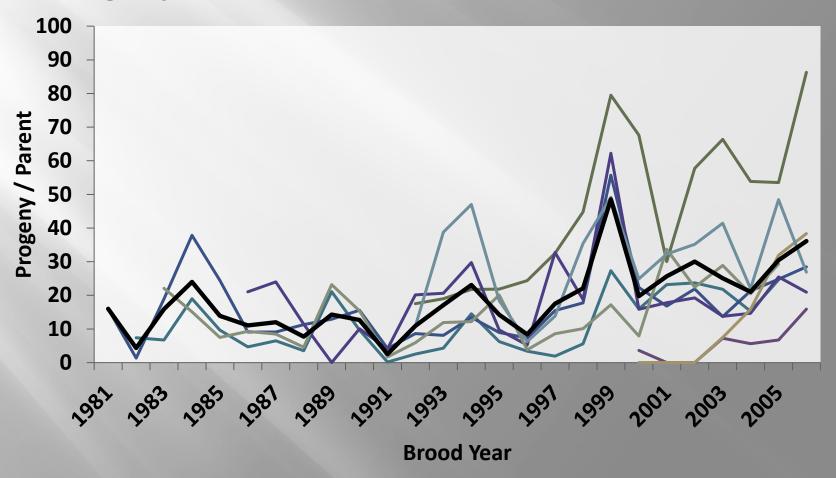




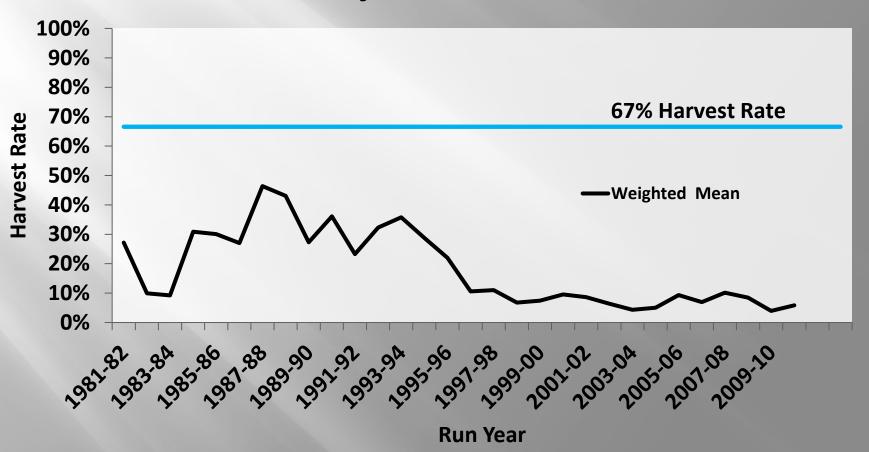
Progeny:Parent Ratios



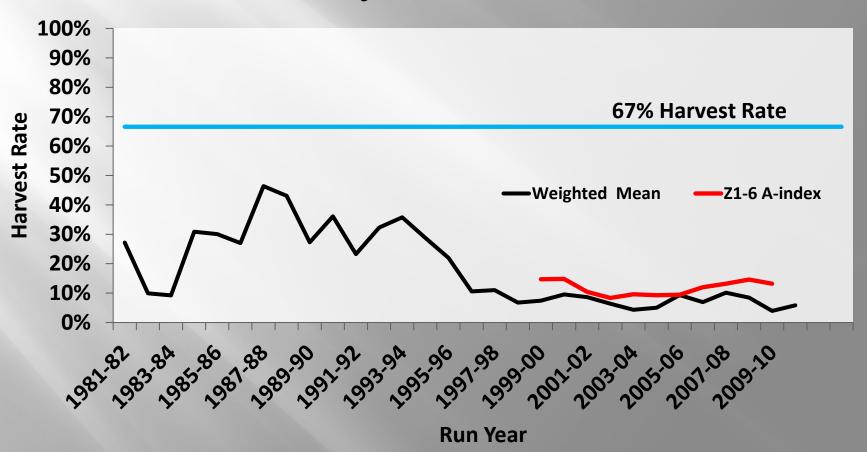
Progeny Parent Ratios



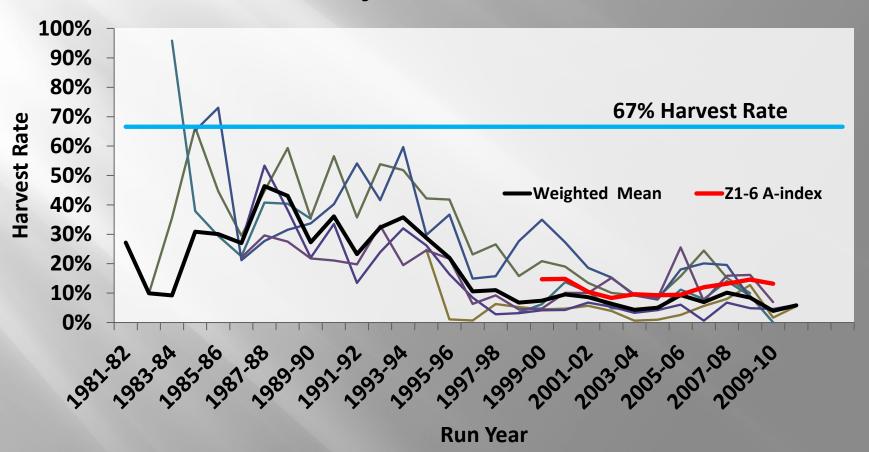
Harvest Below Project Area



Harvest Below Project Area

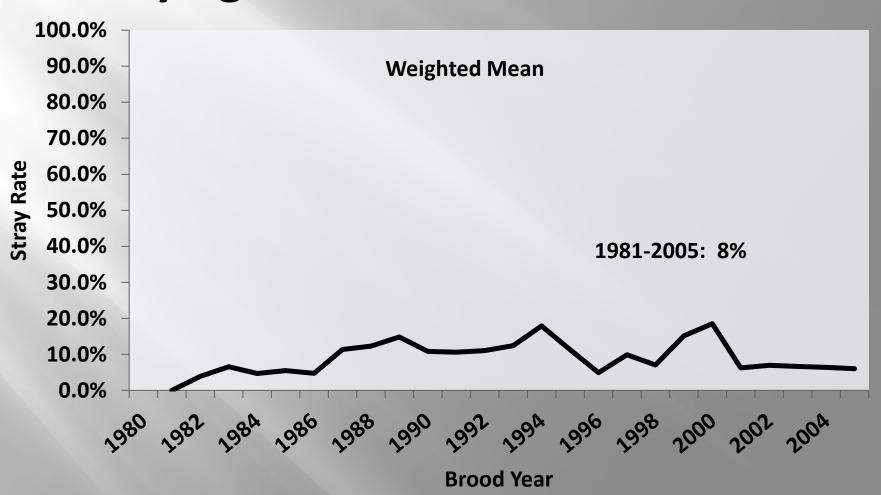


Harvest Below Project Area



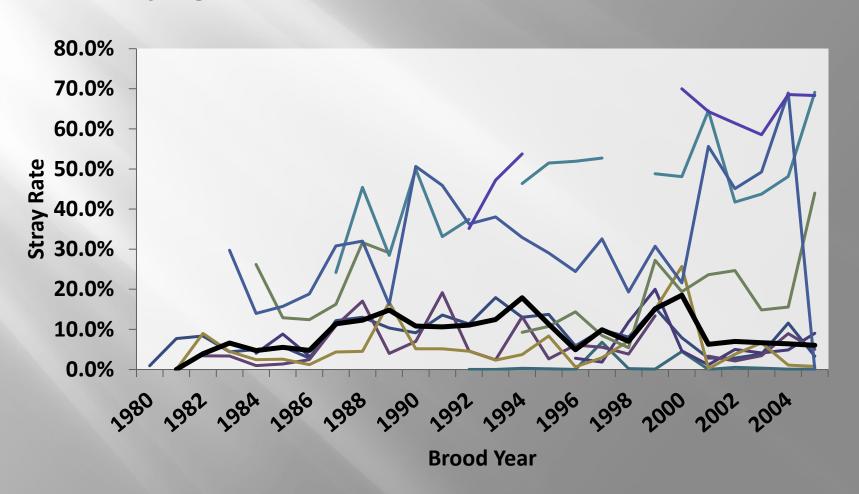


Straying



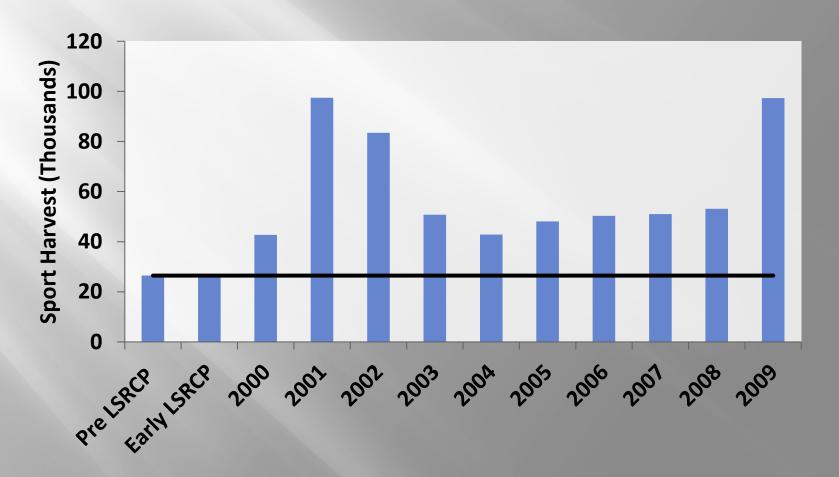


Straying



Maintaining Historic Fisheries

Harvest- Above project area



Maintaining Historic Fisheries

Angler Effort

■ The number of "Angler Days" fishing for steelhead has increased across all programs from the pre-mitigation period

Angling Opportunity

- Number of days open to fishing for steelhead
 - Did not change significantly over time
 - Maintained abundant opportunity
 - 212-271 days open to fishing
- Number of miles open to steelhead fishing
 - Minor changes in some areas (+ or -)
 - Significant decreases in other areas

Summary

- Primary focus of LSRCP steelhead program is on harvest mitigation
- Ability of supplementation programs to provide conservation benefits is being evaluated
- Post release survival is highly variable but shows synchrony between programs
- Overall adult production goal has never been achieved
- Escapement goal to project area has been achieved in nine years through 2009

Summary

- Contribution to downstream fisheries is less than was anticipated during program development
- Hatchery mitigation program has provided consistent robust recreational fisheries above the project area
- Angler effort and harvest in the project area has increased since the pre-mitigation period
- Hatchery programs provide abundant opportunity for anglers and significant economic benefits to local communities

Summary

- Straying is variable across programs
 - We have shown you the range of observed stray rates but difficult to interpret impacts on natural populations
 - PITs and PBT can provide additional information
- Significant increase in the effort to monitor the status and trends of natural populations

Adaptive Management

- Acclimation
- Size at release
- Reduction in number of smolts released
- Consolidation of release sites
- Brood Stock Collection
 - Endemic
 - Locally adapted
 - Fall Collection
 - Trapping infrastructure

Moving Forward

- Continue monitoring production and productivity of hatchery populations. Evaluate methods to increase SASs
- Continue efforts to evaluate hatchery tool to provide conservation benefits
- Continue efforts to reduce impacts of hatchery program on natural populations while maintaining the successful harvest mitigation program
- Run reconstruction workgroup at LGD
 - Snake R. basin co-managers
 - Accounting of LGD escapement
- Existing and new work to increase information base on status and trends of natural populations
- Coordination and collaboration

